



LEROY D. BACA, SHERIFF

County of Los Angeles
Sheriff's Department Headquarters
4700 Ramona Boulevard
Monterey Park, California 91754-2169



January 21, 2005

The Honorable Board of Supervisors
County of Los Angeles
383 Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration
500 West Temple Street
Los Angeles, California 90012

Dear Supervisors:

RESPONSE TO ISSUES RELATED TO MRSA

The following information is provided in response to Supervisor Antonovich's request made during the January 11, 2005, Board of Supervisors meeting regarding a news media report that the cases of Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA) has increased significantly in the jails.

Certain Los Angeles area media outlets have attempted to portray recent MRSA statistics as a sharp increase in the number of cases within the Los Angeles County jail system; however, our data shows the number of new MRSA cases per month has reached a plateau and has remained constant, around 200 cases, for all of 2004. To be more specific, our data shows a monthly average of 208 cases. As such, we can positively report that there have been no recent significant increases in the number of cases within the jails.

One media source stated that the number of cases has "quadrupled" since 2002. While this statement may appear true from a raw numbers standpoint, the media report failed to include explanatory information that we provided to them regarding this apparent increase. August 2002 was the point in time when the Sheriff's Department, working in conjunction with the Los Angeles County Department of Health Services, became truly cognizant of the MRSA issue confronting us. Prior to that time, MRSA infections had, in some cases, been mistakenly diagnosed as spider bites. This was, and occasionally continues to be, a common mis-diagnosis throughout the State as well as the Nation.

A Tradition of Service

As a result of our realization, we formed a multi-discipline MRSA Task Force, which continues to meet on a bi-monthly basis. This task force, which includes Dr. Elizabeth Bancroft, M.D., and other representatives from the Department of Health Services, has helped lead to the development of MRSA treatment regimens and protocols. Additionally, policies and practices related to inmate hygiene, exchange of clothing and bedding, facility cleanliness, along with inmate and staff education, were developed and enacted. The steps taken by the Sheriff's Department and the Department of Health Services to aggressively treat MRSA show that MRSA is not a problem beyond our control. Rather, MRSA proves to be a problem that has been, and continues to be, controlled through a cooperative effort of subject experts.

Our baseline numbers have increased since 2002 because our efforts to identify, treat and mitigate MRSA infections have significantly increased. We are more aggressively looking for skin lesions and irritations, culturing more wounds, and identifying and reporting more cases than we did two and one-half years ago. Additionally, we have a better trained staff and screening process at our Inmate Reception Center, which assist in identifying MRSA cases that come into the jails from the community.

Again, it is important to remember that our monthly cases have remained constant, near the 200 mark, for the past several months. Our latest data shows that 24 percent of the new cases each month are from inmates who are already infected before entering our jails. It is also important to note that we have the "community" strain of MRSA within our jails, and will likely have MRSA to deal with as long as inmates continue to bring it in with them. Recognizing the fact that we have the "community" strain, the Sheriff's Department takes efforts to ensure that MRSA does not leave the jails and return to the community. As such, we ensure that recently released inmates are given the opportunity to follow-up with public health services upon leaving our facility.

The Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department is not the cause of the MRSA problem. There is a misconception that MRSA started in the Los Angeles County jails. This is simply not the case. In the correctional environment, MRSA exists in nearly every major jail system throughout the United States and, indeed, the world. My staff has personally interacted with corrections staff from across the Nation regarding their experiences and difficulties battling this infection. The community strain that impacts correctional systems also impacts athletic teams, school systems, the military, homeless populations, and other arenas wherein there is close personal contact and the sharing of personal items. There are some reports that MRSA has even crossed species, with purported cases from county animal shelters.

In order to combat this problem, your Board has recommended that the Sheriff's Department work with the Department of Health Services in order to require that all inmates be forced to shower. The Sheriff's Department requires that all inmates

booked into our jail system be taken through the shower area. Additionally, access to showers is given to inmates on a daily basis. All inmates in a dorm setting are allowed access to the showers continually throughout the day. Inmates housed in cells, or those that pose a safety or security concern, are allowed daily scheduled access to the showers. The only exceptions to this policy are inmates who are away for court, medical reasons, visiting, or who simply refuse to take a shower. Although all inmates are allowed and encouraged to shower daily, each inmate has the ultimate responsibility to actually do so.

At no time does the Sheriff's Department use physical force to require an inmate to take a shower. Although an appropriate public health officer may issue an order allowing the use of force in order to require showers, this is a humanitarian, logistical, and civil liability issue that the Sheriff's Department is not willing to undertake. Utilizing force in order to ensure all inmates shower will have a detrimental effect, resulting in unnecessary injuries to both staff and inmates alike. We will continue to allow inmates every opportunity to shower, but will not compel mandatory showers through reasonable force without a valid court order.

Your Board has also requested an update on the recently approved hiring of a Physician Epidemiologist and support staff to help address MRSA issues within our jails. My staff is currently meeting with a highly desirable candidate whom we hope to quickly place into the hiring process. The acquisition of support staff would commence immediately thereafter.

Attachment A shows excerpts from material recently published by Pfizer U.S. Pharmaceuticals entitled, "The Rising Burden of MRSA." This first chart provides a brief history of the evolution of *staph aureus* resistance. Methicillin was developed as early as 1960 to combat Penicillin-resistant *staph aureus*. The chart also shows a "widespread and continuous emergence of Methicillin resistance (MRSA)" from the 1960's to present.

Attachment B shows 2003 statistics of MRSA rates from the various regions of the United States. For example, for the Pacific region, 39.5 percent of patients reporting infections were resistant to Methicillin.

Attachment C shows that MRSA is prevalent across the globe. Clearly, MRSA is a worldwide issue.

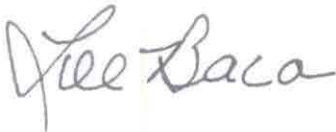
Attachment D shows an update of our detailed report covering 20 issues addressed by the Department of Health Services for combating MRSA. Among the corrective actions still in effect are the introduction of a hand sanitizing lotion for personnel, the creation of an informational videotape presentation that outlines the MRSA issue, the availability of daily showers for all inmates, as well as separate housing being made available at both Men's Central Jail and North County Correctional Facility for those inmates who have

been identified as being infected with MRSA. The attached table summarizes the current status of the 20 recommendations, which includes a complete accounting of our corrective actions that have been taken to date.

Attachment E shows a recent MRSA audit conducted by my staff. These audits are conducted on a quarterly basis and cover five areas of concern, including personal hygiene, environmental cleaning, bedding/clothing exchange, education, and laundry. Our audit shows that all facilities are compliant with the recommendations set forth by the Department of Health Services.

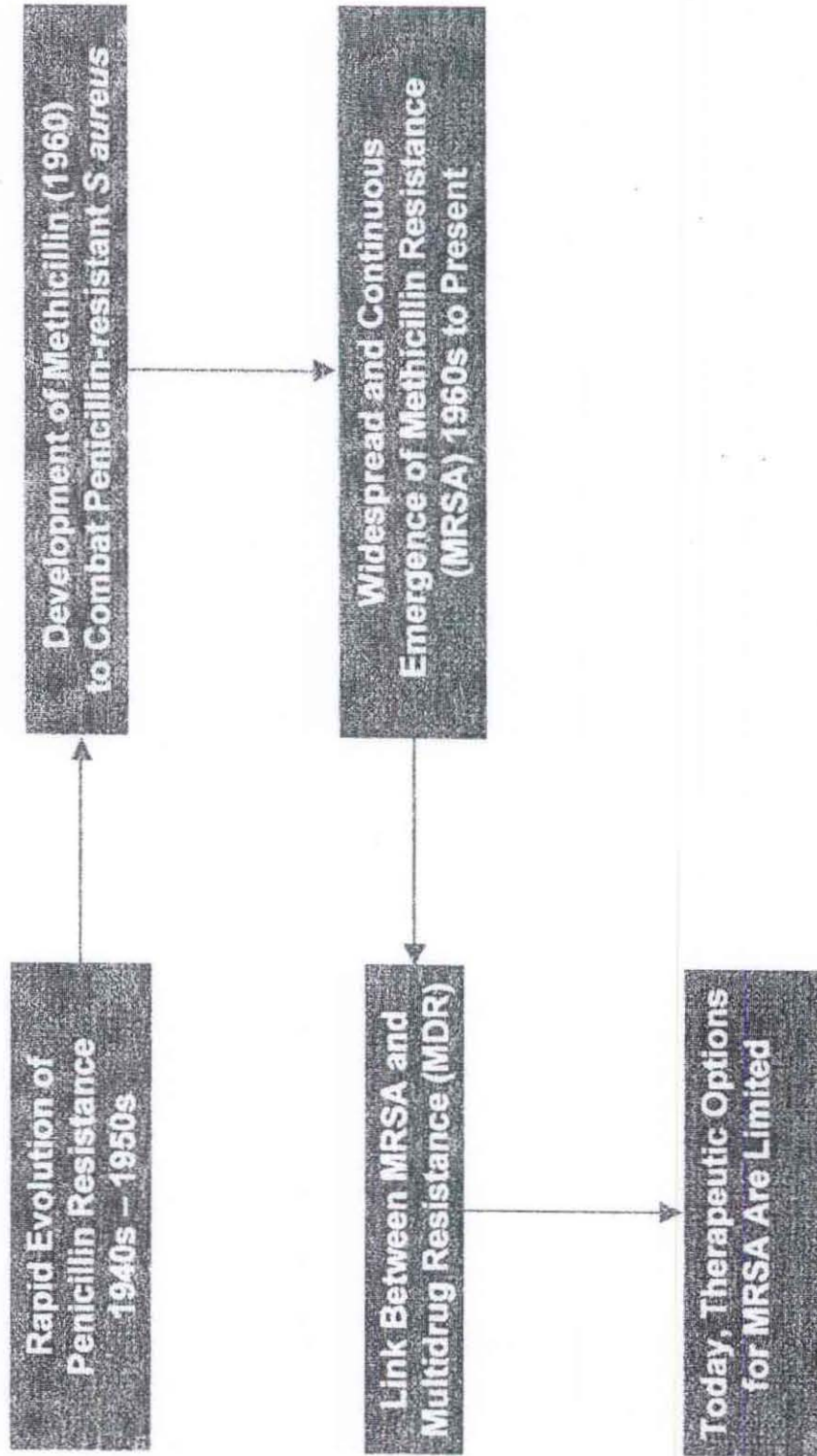
As always, the Sheriff's Department continues to work toward increasing the awareness of MRSA throughout the jails for both staff and inmates. The Sheriff's Department has and will continue to make considerable progress regarding this problem and actively work with the Department of Health Services, and other agencies, in an attempt to combat MRSA through education, medication, medical protocols, and continued monitoring of the problem. If you have any additional questions or concerns, please call me or Chief John L. Scott of Custody Operations Division at (213) 893-5001.

Sincerely,

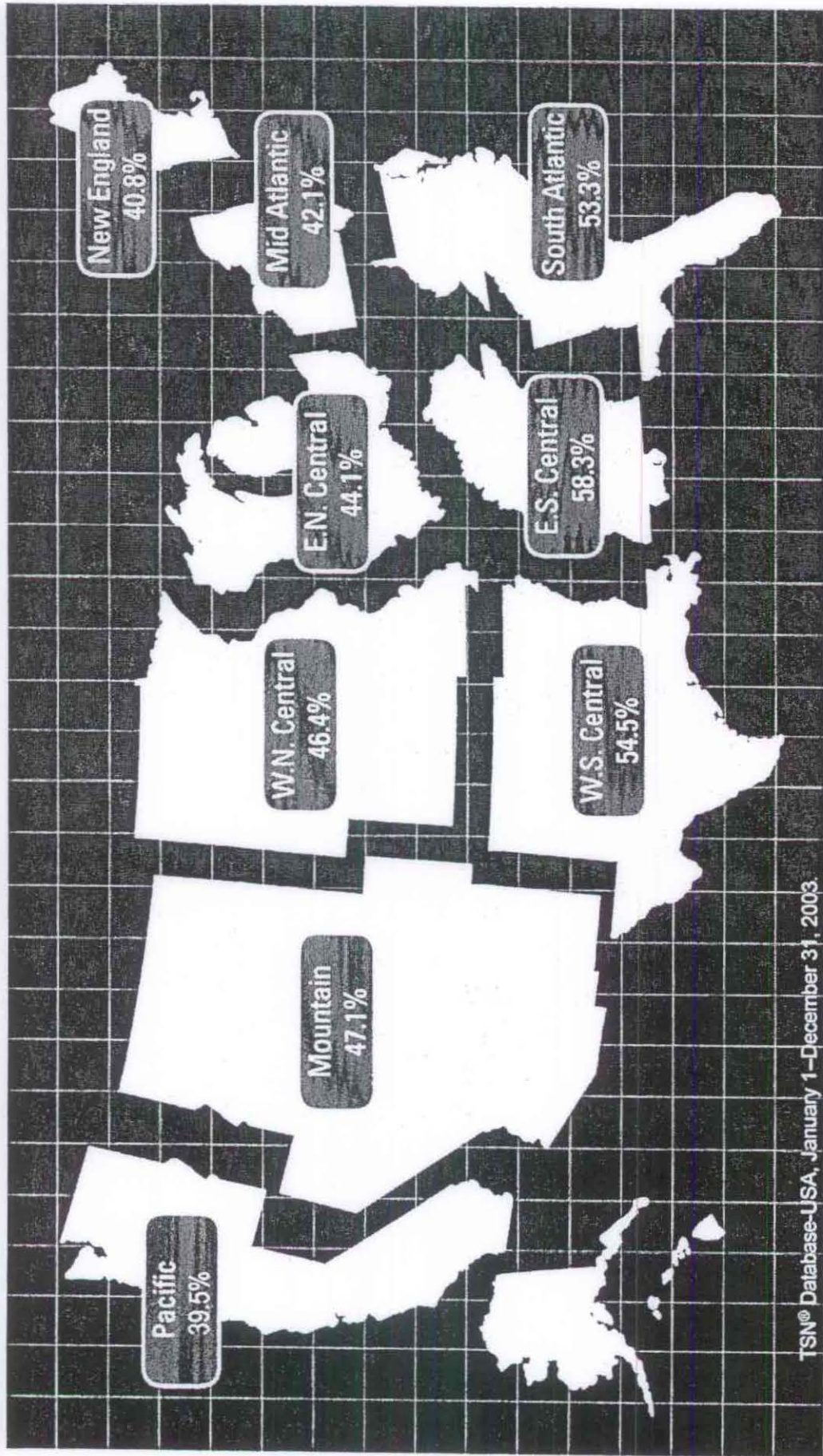


LEROY D. BACA
SHERIFF

Evolution of *S aureus* Resistance

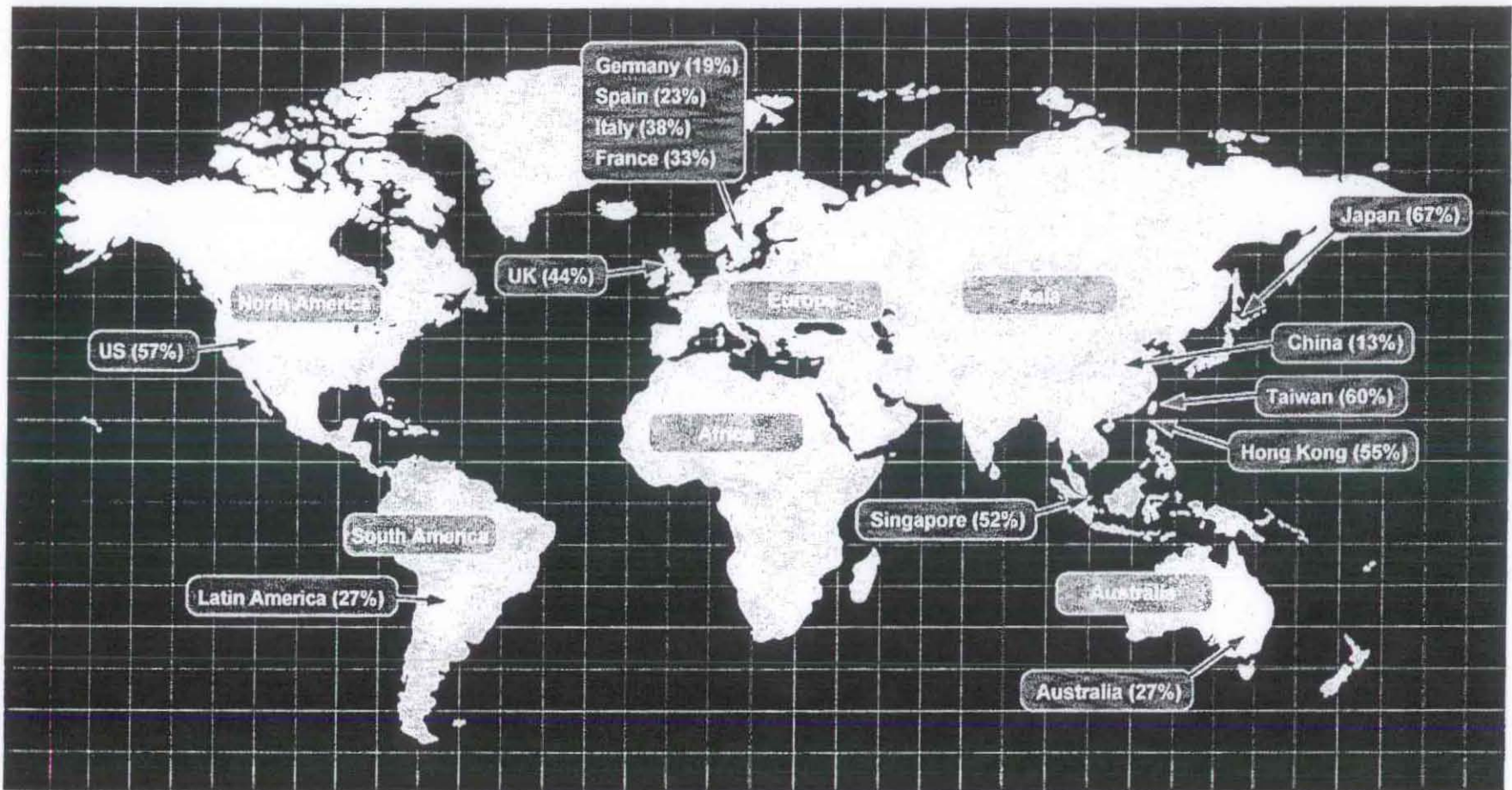


2003 TSN Data Query Results: MRSA Rates Vary by Geographic Region



TSN® Database-USA, January 1–December 31, 2003.

MRSA Is Prevalent Worldwide



Adapted from Christiansen KJ, et al. *Antimicrob Agents Chemother.* 2004;48:2049-2055. EARSS. *Annual Report 2002.* Bilthoven, The Netherlands; EARSS; 2003. Mendes C, et al. *Braz J Infect Dis.* 2003;7:44-61. NNIS. *Am J Infect Dis.* 2003;31:481-498.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES

RECOMMENDATION #1

RECOMMENDATION #2

SURVEILLANCE – Medical Intake Screening

SURVEILLANCE – Daily Logs of Skin Infection

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #1 SURVEILLANCE – Medical Intake Screening	RECOMMENDATION #2 SURVEILLANCE – Daily Logs of Skin Infection
MSB	Refer to IRC.	Recommendation still in effect - A daily log documenting all skin infections, which lists inmate's name, booking number, and housing location is maintained in the facility clinic.
IRC	Recommendation still in effect – A specific question, directly related to skin cuts / boils / sores / wounds has been added to the medical screening process for all inmates at IRC.	Refer to MSB.
MCJ	Refer to IRC.	Refer to MSB.
TTCF	Refer to IRC.	Refer to MSB.
CRDF	Refer to IRC.	Refer to MSB.
NCCF	Refer to IRC.	Refer to MSB.
PDC-EAST	Refer to IRC.	Refer to MSB.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to IRC.	Refer to MSB.
MIRA LOMA	Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.	Refer to MSB.

ATTACHMENT D

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES

RECOMMENDATION #3
 SURVEILLANCE – Culture all Skin Infections

RECOMMENDATION #4
 SURVEILLANCE – Evaluate All Cell Mates

MSB	Recommendation still in effect - All skin infections are cultured upon initial clinic examination.		Recommendation still in effect – Evaluation of cellmates having contact with infected MRSA patient is still in place.
IRC	Skin infections are cultured upon initial intake and screening, as necessary.		Refer to MSB.
MCJ	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
TTCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
CRDF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
NCCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-EAST	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MIRA LOMA	Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.		Refer to MSB.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #5		RECOMMENDATION #6
	SURVEILLANCE – ID Medical Charts of MRSA Infected Inmates		QUALITY ASSURANCE – Random Chart Review
MSB	Recommendation still in effect – All medical charts are in JHIS; a consistent diagnosis of specific MRSA infections are being conducted by medical personnel.		Recommendation still in effect – Although DHS recommended a random review, we review <i>all</i> medical records of MRSA patients to ensure appropriate treatment.
IRC	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MCJ	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
TTCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
CRDF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
NCCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-EAST	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MIRA LOMA	Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.		Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #7		RECOMMENDATION #8
	WOUND CARE AND TREATMENT – Dressing Changes		WOUND CARE AND TREATMENT – Bandage Disposal Protocol
MSB	Recommendation still in effect – Dressing change completed daily, and as needed, for any admitted inmates.		Recommendation still in effect – Bandage disposal protocols are in place.
IRC	Recommendation still in effect – Dressing change completed by medical personnel if inmates arrive with wound.		Refer to MSB.
MCJ	Recommendation still in effect – Dressing changes completed by medical personnel daily.		Refer to MSB.
TTCF	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
CRDF	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
NCCF	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-EAST	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
MIRA LOMA	Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.		Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #9 WOUND CARE AND TREATMENT – Ensure Proper Treatment Protocol		RECOMMENDATION #10 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Educate Inmates about Prevention/Transmission
MSB	Recommendation still in effect – LASD Doctors have been briefed by DHS and LASD Chief Physician regarding correct antibiotic treatment protocol. Compliance is reviewed through Q/A.		Recommendation still in effect – Informational / educational video shown to all newly incoming inmates at IRC, and shown at housing facilities. Fliers and posters have been distributed.
IRC	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MCJ	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
TTCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
CRDF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
NCCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-EAST	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MIRA LOMA	Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.		Recommendation still in effect - Video shown in all housing areas.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #11 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Personal Hygiene		RECOMMENDATION #12 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Environmental Cleaning
MSB	Recommendation still in effect - Inmates showered on a daily basis.		Recommendation still in effect – Custody Division Policy requires cells/area to be cleaned after MRSA is suspected.
IRC	Recommendation still in effect – All incoming inmates allowed to shower upon entry and processing. Soap is provided.		Refer to MSB.
MCJ	Recommendation still in effect - Showers available 16-20 hours daily. Soap is available; personnel have been briefed on the importance of providing soap to inmates.		Refer to MSB.
TTCF	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
CRDF	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
NCCF	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-EAST	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.
MIRA LOMA	Refer to MCJ.		Refer to MSB.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #13 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Laundry Exchange		RECOMMENDATION #14 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Laundry Processing
MSB	Recommendation still in effect – Inmates diagnosed with MRSA are showered and linen/clothing is exchanged.		Refer to PDC-NORTH.
IRC	Refer to MSB.		Refer to PDC-NORTH.
MCJ	Refer to MSB.		Refer to PDC-NORTH.
TTCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to PDC-NORTH.
CRDF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to PDC-NORTH.
NCCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to PDC-NORTH.
PDC-EAST	Refer to MSB.		Refer to PDC-NORTH.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to MSB.		Recommendation still in effect – PDC-North Facility still manages all laundry operations for the Department. Laundry is washed and dried at temperatures sufficient to kill MRSA. Exploring the possibility of adding an additional shift.
MIRA LOMA	Refer to MSB.		Refer to PDC-NORTH.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #15 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Laundry Processing		RECOMMENDATION #16 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Increase Frequency of Exchanges
MSB	Refer to PDC-NORTH.		Recommendation still in effect - Clothing and linen exchanged every other day and upon request by medical personnel.
IRC	Refer to PDC-NORTH.		Recommendation still in effect - All incoming inmates are issued clean clothing.
MCJ	Refer to PDC-NORTH.		Refer to TTCF.
TTCF	Refer to PDC-NORTH.		Recommendation still in effect – Linen / Uniforms / Underwear exchanged twice weekly.
CRDF	Refer to PDC-NORTH.		Refer to TTCF.
NCCF	Refer to PDC-NORTH.		Refer to TTCF.
PDC-EAST	Refer to PDC-NORTH.		Refer to TTCF.
PDC-NORTH	Recommendation still in effect – Laundry dried thoroughly before re-issue to housing facilities; still in compliance.		Refer to TTCF.
MIRA LOMA	Refer to PDC-NORTH.		Recommendation still in effect – Uniforms – three per week; underwear – 5 sets per week; Linen 1 set per week. Federal standards in place at this facility.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #17 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Limit Transfers of Infected Inmates		RECOMMENDATION #18 PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Medical Summary and Treatment Plan
MSB	Recommendation still in effect – Medical wristband identification procedure in place to prevent the random movement of acute/chronic type inmates.		Recommendation still in effect – JHIS provides medical summaries for all inmates.
IRC	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MCJ	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
TTCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
CRDF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
NCCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-EAST	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MIRA LOMA	Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.		Federal detainees housed at this facility. Federal detention standards followed.

M.R.S.A. RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES
CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE – JANUARY, 2005

FACILITIES	RECOMMENDATION #19		RECOMMENDATION #20
	PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Identify MRSA within Inmate's Medical Record		PREVENTION OF MRSA TRANSMISSION – Staff Education and Protection
MSB	Recommendation partially completed - System capabilities have now been installed, practice and protocols for medical personnel are being reviewed and implemented.		Recommendation still in effect – Training videos and bulletins for staff are currently being utilized. MRSA prevention techniques are still discussed at facility briefings.
IRC	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MCJ	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
TTCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
CRDF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
NCCF	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-EAST	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
PDC-NORTH	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.
MIRA LOMA	Refer to MSB.		Refer to MSB.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT

Date: January 10, 2005

OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

FILE:

PROJECT: 205005



FROM: MICHAEL L. BORNMAN, LIEUTENANT
CUSTODY SUPPORT SERVICES

TO: CHARLES M. JACKSON, CHIEF
CORRECTIONAL SERVICES DIVISION

JOHN L. SCOTT, CHIEF
CUSTODY OPERATIONS DIVISION

SUBJECT: **METHICILLIN RESISTANT STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS AUDIT**

Custody Support Services conducted a Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA) quarterly review and audit. The audits were conducted at all custody facilities. Each audit was unannounced and consisted of visual inspections and interviews of personnel and inmates. The purpose of this review was to ensure that the corrective actions set forth in Division Policy and monthly MRSA meetings was being adhered to. The following items were audited:

Item I - Personal Hygiene:

Status:

Fully in Compliance.

Synopsis:

The facilities were audited to ensure that inmates received showers and soap on a daily basis. Custody Support Services personnel made contact with staff, inmate workers, and general population inmates while conducting these audits.

Audit:

Showers and soap are available to inmates on a continuing basis at all facilities. Auditors noted that soap was available and ensured that showering of inmates were noted on the Title 15 - Uniform Daily Activity Log.

ATTACHMENT E

Item II - Environmental Cleaning:**Status:**

Fully in compliance.

Synopsis:

The facilities were audited to ensure that the housing areas were properly cleaned after inmates with MRSA are identified. The housing areas were checked for proper cleaning, mattresses were checked for proper disinfecting, and torn mattresses infected with MRSA were audited to ensure they were being properly discarded.

Audit:

All facilities were in compliance with environmental cleaning of the facility. Housing areas and mattresses are disinfected, and torn mattresses that are used by inmates with MRSA are discarded properly.

Item III - Frequency of Bedding / Clothing Exchange:**Status:**

Fully in Compliance.

Synopsis:

The facilities were audited to ensure that inmates receive the appropriate amount of bedding and linen. Additionally, auditors ensured that inmates diagnosed with MRSA were showered and issued new clothing.

Audit:

All facilities were in full compliance with bedding / clothing exchange. All inmates diagnosed with MRSA are showered and given new clothing.

Item IV - Education and Protection:**Status:**

Fully in compliance.

Synopsis:

The facilities were audited to insure that staff were educated on MRSA and the various means of protecting themselves. Auditors checked to ensure training videos were seen by inmates, training bulletins were reviewed by staff, and various other in-service training was conducted at briefings.

Audit:

All facilities show the training and MRSA videos to staff and inmates. Bulletins and information on MRSA is made available and all other aspects of staff education and protection were being properly followed and documented; compliance with these issues are confirmed in monthly MRSA meetings.

Item V - Laundry Services:**Status:**

Fully in compliance.

Synopsis:

Pitchess Detention Center - North is responsible for overseeing the Laundry Operations. The laundry area was audited to ensure that clothing was being washed and dried at temperatures that would destroy MRSA bacteria.

Audit:

All inmate laundry is washed and dried at temperatures that will destroy the MRSA bacteria.

This audit details the current status of the MRSA policy. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Deputy Shawn Kehoe at Custody Support Services, (213) 473-6517.

MLB:SRK:srk